

On September 5, 1919, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**7232. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. \* \* \* v. 7 Barrels of Butter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and sale. (F. & D. No. 10007. I. S. No. 2716-r. S. No. W-297.)**

On April 7, 1919, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 7 barrels of butter, consigned by the Fox Produce Co., Alva, Okla., remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Denver, Colo., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about March 25, 1919, and transported from the State of Oklahoma into the State of Colorado, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it contained an excessive amount of moisture and free acids, was rancid and moldy, and consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

Misbranding of the article was alleged for the reason that it was food in package form, and the quantity or weight was not stated on the outside of the package or barrel.

On May 19, 1919, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be sold by the United States marshal for purposes other than for human consumption.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**7233. Misbranding of Wilson's Solution Anti-Flu. U. S. \* \* \* v. 48 Gross Bottles of Wilson's Solution Anti-Flu. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 10008. I. S. No. 2151-r. S. No. W-294.)**

On April 8, 1919, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 48 gross bottles of Wilson's Solution Anti-Flu, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Los Angeles, Cal., alleging that the article had been shipped on November 12, 1918, by the Cooper Medicine Co., Dayton, O., and transported from the State of Ohio into the State of California, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended. The article was labeled in part, "Wilson's Solution Anti-Flu (Trademark). A powerful antiseptic to be used as a preventive against influenza, colds and grip. \* \* \* G. F. Willis Co., Atlanta, Ga., Distributor."

Analysis of a sample of the article made in the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted essentially of an oil of eucalyptus, thymol, and methyl salicylate.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that the statements borne on the labels of the bottles were false and fraudulent in that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the therapeutic effects claimed for it.

On June 24, 1919, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*